

Cheat Sheet

OREGON · KNOWLEDGE TEST

1 • Passing Score & Test Length

PASSING SCORE (%)	80
NUMBER OF QUESTIONS	35
QUESTIONS NEEDED TO PASS	28
TEST FORMAT	computer
RETAKE WAIT (DAYS)	0
PER-SECTION MINIMUMS?	None; 28 of 35 correct overall is the only requirement

3 • BAC Limits & DUI Consequences

BAC LIMIT: ADULT (21+)	0.08
BAC LIMIT: MINOR (UNDER 21)	0.00
BAC LIMIT: COMMERCIAL DRIVER	0.04
DUI FIRST-OFFENSE CONSEQUENCES	A first DUI conviction in Oregon is a Class A misdemeanor: \$1,000 minimum fine, at least 48 hours in jail or 80-250 hours of community service, a one-year license suspension, and a one-year ignition interlock after the suspension ends. Most first-time offenders may instead petition for the one-year diversion program, which ends in dismissal if completed.
IGNITION INTERLOCK REQUIRED AFTER DUI	yes

5 • Phone & Distracted Driving Laws

HANDHELD PHONE: BANNED FOR ALL DRIVERS	yes
TEXTING: BANNED FOR ALL DRIVERS	yes
HANDS-FREE ALSO BANNED FOR MINORS?	yes
FIRST-OFFENSE FINE (MAXIMUM)	\$1,000

2 • License & Test Fees

LEARNER PERMIT FEE	\$30
KNOWLEDGE TEST FEE	\$7
RETAKE FEE	no separate retake fee; knowledge test fee charged per attempt

4 • Graduated Driver Licensing (GDL)

EARLIEST AGE: INSTRUCTION PERMIT	15
PERMIT HOLDING PERIOD (MONTHS, UNDER 18)	6
SUPERVISED DRIVING HOURS REQUIRED	100
OF WHICH, NIGHT HOURS REQUIRED	0
EARLIEST AGE: PROVISIONAL LICENSE	16
PROVISIONAL CURFEW: START	00:00
PROVISIONAL CURFEW: END	05:00
PROVISIONAL PASSENGER RESTRICTION	First 6 months: no passengers under 20 except immediate family. Months 7-12: max 3 passengers under 20 except immediate family. Ends at 1 year or age 18, whichever comes first.
EARLIEST AGE: UNRESTRICTED LICENSE	18

6 • Default Speed Limits

RESIDENTIAL DEFAULT (MPH)	25
URBAN / BUSINESS-DISTRICT DEFAULT (MPH)	20
RURAL DEFAULT (MPH)	55
SCHOOL ZONE (MPH)	20
INTERSTATE MAXIMUM (MPH)	65
RIGHT ON RED ALLOWED UNLESS POSTED	yes

7 • Following-Distance & Headlight Rules

FOLLOWING DISTANCE RULE	2 to 4 seconds; 4 or more seconds above 30 mph
HEADLIGHT DIM ONCOMING FT	500
HEADLIGHT DIM FOLLOWING FT	350
HEADLIGHT REQUIREMENTS	Headlights required from sunset to sunrise and any time you cannot see people or vehicles 1,000 feet ahead; dim high beams within 500 ft of an oncoming vehicle and within 350 ft when following.
EMERGENCY VEHICLE MIN FOLLOWING FT	500
MOTORCYCLE FOLLOWING RULE	More distance than for a car
CYCLIST SAFE PASSING RULE	At speeds over 35 mph: enough distance to prevent contact if the cyclist were to fall

9 • Required Identification Documents

ACCEPTABLE IDENTITY DOCUMENTS	Bring one original or certified-copy primary document proving identity and date of birth (e.g., U.S. government-issued birth certificate or U.S. passport); photocopies are not accepted. If you cannot present a primary document, Oregon DMV accepts at least two documents from its secondary list.
VISION TEST REQUIRED AT ISSUANCE	yes

8 • Seatbelt & Child Seat Laws

SEATBELT LAW ENFORCEMENT	primary
SEATS REQUIRED TO BELT	all seats
BOOSTER/CHILD SEAT: AGE THRESHOLD	8
BOOSTER SEAT: WEIGHT THRESHOLD	none

Signs to know cold

Federal standard signs, the same in every state. The full set is at [roadready.press/signs](https://www.roadready.press/signs)



Stop

Come to a complete stop at the line, crosswalk, or intersection, then proceed only when safe.



Yield

Slow down, give the right-of-way to cross traffic and pedestrians, and stop if needed.



Do Not Enter

Do not enter the roadway from this direction; you are facing one-way traffic or a restricted entrance.



Wrong Way

You are traveling against the legal flow of traffic; stop and turn around immediately.



Speed Limit 50

Maximum legal speed on this roadway is 50 mph.



No Left Turn

Left turns are prohibited at this intersection or driveway.



No U-Turn

U-turns are prohibited at this location.



Keep Right (Symbol)

Pass to the right of an upcoming island, divider, or obstruction.



Stop Ahead

A stop sign is ahead; prepare to come to a complete stop.



Signal Ahead Symbol

A traffic light is ahead; prepare to stop if the light is red or changes.



Merge Right

Traffic from the right merges into your lane ahead.



Slippery When Wet

The road surface ahead becomes slippery when wet; reduce speed and avoid sudden moves.



No Passing Zone

Marks the start of a no-passing zone on a two-lane highway; do not cross to pass.



School Advance Warning

Warns that a school zone is ahead; be prepared for children and reduced speeds.

Pavement markings to know

Also federal, and also the same in every state.



Broken Yellow Center Line

A single broken yellow line separates opposing traffic and permits passing when the way is clear.



Broken-and-Solid Yellow Center Line

Pass only from the broken-line side; the side with the solid line may not pass.



Double Broken Yellow Line (Reversible Lane)

Two broken yellow lines mark a reversible lane whose direction of travel changes at certain times; obey the lane-control signals overhead.



Double Solid Yellow Center Line

Two solid yellow lines separating opposing traffic; passing is prohibited from either direction.



Solid Yellow Center Line

A solid yellow line separates lanes of traffic moving in opposite directions; do not cross it to pass.



Yellow Diagonal Crosshatch (Neutral Median Area)

Yellow diagonal stripes inside a yellow border mark a painted median or neutral area between opposing-direction lanes that drivers must not enter.



Broken White Edge Line

A broken white line along the right edge of the roadway shows where through lanes separate from an auxiliary lane such as an exit, entrance, or right-turn lane.



Solid White Right Edge Line

Solid white line marks the right edge of the travel lane and the start of the shoulder.



Solid Yellow Left Edge Line

Solid yellow line marks the left edge of the roadway on a divided highway or one-way street.



Wide Solid White Edge Line

Extra-wide solid white edge line emphasizes the right edge of the travel lane.



Broken White Lane Line

Broken white line between same-direction lanes; lane changes are permitted when safe.



Dotted White Extension Line

Short white dots extend a lane line through a merge, exit, or intersection area.



Double Solid White Lane Line

Two solid white lines forbid lane changes; drivers must remain in their current lane.



Green-Colored Bike Lane

Solid green pavement bordered by white lines marks a bicycle lane, especially through conflict zones with motor vehicles.

The last thing to review before the test. Keep it in sight while you study, not while you drive.

